MDT Series
4-20mA with Auto Zero
Pressure transmitters with integrated amplifier for high temperatures and high pressures
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1. General

1.1 Important information
This manual applies to the MDT 420x/460x and PT 420x/460x series, 2-wire with Auto Zero, only. It must be kept near the equipment in a readily and immediately accessible location at all times.

The content of this manual must be read, understood and followed in all points by all relevant people. This applies in particular to the notes on safety. Following the safety instructions will help to prevent accidents, defects and malfunctions.

DYNISCO will not be held liable for any injury, loss or damage resulting from failure to follow the instructions in this manual.

If malfunctions occur in spite of having followed the operating instructions, please contact the DYNISCO customer service department (see chapter 8, Maintenance).

This applies in particular during the warranty period.

1.2 Copyright
Copyright law requires that this manual be used for in-house purposes only.

All reproduction, even partially and for in-house purposes, requires the approval of DYNISCO. This manual may not be forwarded to third parties.
1.3 Explanation of icons

The manual uses icons to indicate information pertaining to safety:

- **ATTENTION** Risk of destruction or damage to equipment, machines or installations
- General danger to life or limb
- Specific danger to life or limb
- You MUST do this

The safety instructions are provided again in the individual chapters of the manual.

1.4 Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used:

- **OM** Operating manual
- **PT** pressure transmitter
- **f.s.** of full scale

1.5 Correct use

The purpose of the MDT or PT 420x/460x pressure transmitter is to measure pressure in plastic melt as part of a larger overall system. It contains an integrated signal amplifier. The MDT or PT 420x/460x can be used in media temperatures up to 400°C.

If the PT is used in other applications, the safety and accident prevention regulations specific to that application must be followed.

**When using the PT as a safety component in accordance with the EC Machine Directive, Annex IIc, the equipment manufacturer must take any necessary precautions to ensure that malfunctions of the PT cannot cause damage or injury.**

1.6 User's obligations

The operator or owner of the larger overall system, e.g. a machine, is responsible for following the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to the specific application.
2. Notes on safety

The operator or owner of the larger overall system is responsible for following the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to the specific application.

Toxic hazard!
The PT contains a small amount (7 mm³) of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

If mercury is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately!

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. DYNISCO will accept defective PTs.

If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!

When planning machinery and using the PT, follow the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to your application, e.g.:

- EN 60204, Electrical equipment in machines.
- EN 292, Machine safety, general design guidelines.
- DIN 57 100 Part 410, Protection against electric shock.

Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in pressureless, voltage-free condition with the machine switched off.

The machine must be secured against being switched back on!

Burn hazard!
The PT must be removed with the melt in molten condition. The PT can be very hot when removed.

Wear protective gloves!
3. Technical Data

3.1 Ordering guide

3.2 Ordering example

3.3 Performance characteristics

3.3.1 Accuracy

3.3.2 Repeatability

3.3.3 Resolution

3.4 Mechanical configurations

3.5 Pressure side connection

3.6 Pressure ranges

3.6.1 Pressure ranges in bar

3.6.2 Max. Overload

3.6.3 Burst pressure

3.6.4 Limit frequency

3.7 Rigid stem/flexible stem

3.8 Electrical Data

3.9 Temperature influence

3.10 EMC requirements

3.11 Materials

3.12 Mounting torque

3.13 Environmental Protection

3.14 Weight

3.15 Dimensions

3.1 Ordering guide

**xDT4xx x- xx - xxx - x - Option**

- Rigid stem/flexible stem
- Pressure range
- Pressure side connection
- Amplifier
- Perf. characteristics
- Mechanical configuration

The exact meanings of the letter/digit combinations are given in the corresponding sections of chapter 3.

3.2 Ordering example

**MDT462 F - ½ - 5C - 15/46**

- Melt PT
- Perf. char. ± 1.0 % full scale
- Amplifier: 2-wire 4-20mA
- Thread: ½ = ½” - 20 UNF
- Pressure range: 0 - 500 bar
- Stem length: 15 = 152 mm
- Flex. stem: 46 = 457 mm
3.3 Performance characteristics (xDT4Xx x-xx-xxx-xx)

3.3.1 Accuracy

(Linearity and hysteresis at T = constant)

\[ \text{xDT42x} \ x \pm 0.5\% \text{ of full scale} \]
\[ \text{(35 bar and 50 bar} \pm 1\% \text{ of full scale)} \]
\[ \text{xDT46} \ x \pm 1\% \text{ of full scale} \]

3.3.2 Repeatability

\[ \text{xDT42x} \ x \pm 0.1\% \text{ of full scale} \]
\[ \text{(35 bar and 50 bar} \pm 0.2\% \text{ of full scale)} \]
\[ \text{xDT46x} \ x \pm 0.2\% \text{ of full scale} \]

3.3.3 Resolution

infinite

3.4 Mechanical configurations (xDT4xX x-xx-xxx-xx)

MDT4x0 stem version
MDT4x2 rigid stem and flexible stem
TDT432/463 combined pressure and temperature measurement
MDT435/467 transducer for limited installation space

3.5 Pressure side connection (xDT4xx x-XX-xxx-xx)

\[ 0.5 = \frac{1}{2}" \text{ 20 UNF 2A} \]
\[ M18 = M18 \times 1.5 \]

3.6 Pressure ranges (xDT4xx x-xx-XXX-xx)

3.6.1 Pressure ranges in bar

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model number</th>
<th>Permitted pressure range in bar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-17-xx</td>
<td>0 - 17 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-35-xx</td>
<td>0 - 35 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-50-xx</td>
<td>0 - 50 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-1C-xx</td>
<td>0 - 100 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-2C-xx</td>
<td>0 - 200 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-3,5C-xx</td>
<td>0 - 350 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-5C-xx</td>
<td>0 - 500 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-7C-xx</td>
<td>0 - 700 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-1M-xx</td>
<td>0 - 1000 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-1,4M-xx</td>
<td>0 - 1400 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xDT4xx x-xx-2M-xx</td>
<td>0 - 2000 series 42x x/43x x only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other pressure ranges on request
3.6.2 Max. Overload (without influencing operating data)

2 x full scale pressure up to 700 bar
(for 1000 bar and 1400 bar range: max. 1750 bar, and 2450 bar for the 2000 bar range)

3.6.3 Burst pressure

6 x nominal value, max. 3000 bar

3.6.4 Limit frequency

50 Hz [-3db]

3.7 Rigid stem/flexible stem (xDT4xx x-xx-xxx-XX)

15 = 152 mm standard length for rigid version
15/46 = 152 mm stem length / 457 mm flexible stem

Other lengths on request

3.8 Electrical data (xDT4xx X-xx-xxx-xx)

Configuration
4-arm Wheatstone bridge strain gauge with int. amplifier

Output signal
xDT4xx F-xx-xxx-xx 2-wire 4 - 20 mA

Strain resistance
2 - wire mA
\[ R_L < 1200 \Omega \text{ at } U_s = 36 \text{ V} \]
\[ R_L < 50 \Omega \text{ at } U_s = 14 \text{ V} \]

Supply voltage / power consumption
2 - wire mA
14 - 36 VDC

Calibration function
80 % ± 0,5 % of full scale output by externally connecting contacts E and F

Zero balance
Use button or externally connected contacts D + F to zero-balance the unit

Leakage resistance
> 1000 M\(\Omega\) at 50 V

3.9 Temperature influence

Electronics housing

Max. housing temperature -25 °C - +85 °C
Compensated temp. range 0 °C - +70 °C
Zero shift due to temperature change on electronics housing
xDT 420 x series ±0,2% full scale / 10 °C typ.
xDT 460 x series ±0,2% full scale / 10 °C typ.

Sensitivity shift due to temperature change on electronics housing
xDT 420 x series ±0,2% full scale / 10 °C typ.
xDT 460 x series ±0,2% full scale / 10 °C typ.

Diaphragm (in contact with media)
Maximum temperature at the diaphragm 400 °C

Zero shift due to temperature change on the diaphragm
xDT 420 x series ≤0,2 bar / 10 °C typ.
xDT 460 x series ≤ 0,4 bar / 10 °C typ.

Sensitivity shift due to temperature change on the diaphragm
xDT 420 x series ≤ 0,1 % f. s. / 10 °C typ.
(35 and 50 bar ≤ 0,2 % f. s. / 10 °C typ.)
xDT 460 x series ≤ 0,4 % f. s. / 10 °C typ.

3.10 EMC requirements
Conforming to in accordance with EMC directive.
Emitted interference DIN EN 50081-1
(residential area)
Immunity DIN EN 50082-2
(industrial area)

3.11 Materials
Diaphragm 15-5PH Mat.No. 1.4545
Armoloy coated
Stem 15-5PH Mat.No. 1.4545

3.12 Mounting torque
max. 50 Nm (500 inch-lbs.)
min. 12 Nm (100 inch-lbs.)

3.13 Environmental protection to IEC 529
PT housing IP54 (without connector)
Standard connector PT06A-10-6S(SR) IP40
Connector PT06W-10-6S IP64

3.14 Weight 1,1 kg
3.15 Dimensions
Fig. 02: MDT 422 x/462 x with flexible stem

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D1</th>
<th>D2</th>
<th>D3</th>
<th>D4</th>
<th>D5</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>SW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/2&quot;-20UNF-2A</td>
<td>7.8³±0.05</td>
<td>10.5³±0.05</td>
<td>11³±0.5</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>5.3³±0.25</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M18 x 1.5</td>
<td>10³±0.05</td>
<td>16³±0.1</td>
<td>16³±0.5</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6³±0.25</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fig. 03: MDT 435 x/467 x with capillary
Operating manual

Fig. 04: TDT 432 x/463 x with thermocouple

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D1</th>
<th>D2</th>
<th>D3</th>
<th>D4</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>SW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/2”-20UNF-2A</td>
<td>7,8</td>
<td>10,5</td>
<td>12,5</td>
<td>5,3</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M18 x 1,5</td>
<td>10,1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Thermocouple type J Connector + Plug connector

Flexible length 76

Flexible length 457

96
4. Function

4.1 Construction

The PTs of series MDT 420 x/460 x are industry standard.

The main advantages are:

- manufactured under ISO 9001
- thermal stability
- resistance to aggressive media
- insensitivity to electromagnetic radiation (EMC)
- liquid-filled transmission system (mercury)
- pressure measurements in plastic melt up to a temperature of 400°C (750°F)
- maximum pressure 2000 bar

4.2 Description of functions

Through a closed, liquid-filled pressure transmission system, the PT furnishes an electrical signal that is proportional to the pressure of the melt.

The pressure applied by the medium is forwarded to the measuring diaphragm via the separating diaphragm and the mercury in the capillary. The deflection of the measuring diaphragm changes the resistance of the strain gauge bonded to the measuring diaphragm. The strain gauge is a Wheatstone bridge.

The integrated amplifier generates an electric mA signal in proportion to the applied pressure.
4.3 PT series

The MDT series PTs are also available as PT series. The PT types correspond to the MDT models, and the TPT types correspond to the TDT models; the number codes are identical. The PT series differs from the MDT series in that all specifications are given in US American units of measure.

E.g.: 1 bar = 14,5 PSI
      (PSI value is rounded)
      2,54 cm = 1" (inch)

All other specifications are the same as in the MDT series.
5. Transport / delivery

5.1 Transport / packing / transport damage

5.2 Storage

5.3 Scope of delivery

---

**Toxic hazard!**

The PT contains a small amount (7 mm³) of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

**If mercury is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.**

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. **DYNISCO** will accept defective PTs. If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!

**ATTENTION**

ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

---

5.1 Transport/packing/transport damage

- Do not let the PT be damaged by other items during transit.
- Use only the original packaging.
- Report transport damage to **DYNISCO** immediately in writing.

5.2 Storage

- Store the PT in original packaging only.
- Protect against dust and moisture.

5.3 Scope of delivery

- PT with diaphragm protection cap
- Cable socket
- Fastening clip (transmitter with flexible stem only)
- Calibration sheet
- Operating manual
6. Installation

6.1 Mounting hole

**ATTENTION** Am bient temperature for the electronics housing max. +85°C. Higher temperatures can result in damage and malfunctions. Mount the PT only in locations where these temperatures are not exceeded.

To produce the mounting hole, use only DYNISCO machining tool kit.

- Drill the mounting hole as shown in figure 06.

Fig. 06: Mounting hole for transmitter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diameters</th>
<th>Diameter</th>
<th>Diameter</th>
<th>Diameter</th>
<th>Diameter</th>
<th>Diameter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>d₁</td>
<td>1/2&quot;-20UNF-2B</td>
<td>7,92⁻0,05</td>
<td>11,5⁻0,1</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>5,7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d₂</td>
<td>M18 x 1,5</td>
<td>10,1⁻0,05</td>
<td>16,3⁻0,1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>6,15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
When reworking the mounting hole, pay particular attention to the centricity of:
- the hole,
- the thread and
- the sealing surface.

Pressure sealing takes place on the 45° beveled sealing surface and on the front cylindrical section of the PT (see figures 06 and 07).

The sealing surface must be:
- correctly machined
- free from marks and rough edges
- free from solidified plastic residue.

### 6.2 Checking the mounting hole

- Paint the test bolt DYNISCO on the marked area (figure 08, item 1) with marking ink up to the thread.

Fig. 08: test bolt with marking ink

- Insert the test bolt in the mounting hole
- Twist it in by hand until the two sealing surfaces make contact.
- Remove and examine the test bolt.

The only acceptable abrasion of marking ink is at the sealing edge (45°), evenly (!) over the entire circumference.

If the ink has been rubbed off in other places too:
- rework the mounting hole.
6.3 Mounting the Pressure Transmitter

Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in pressureless, voltage-free condition with the machine switched off.

The machine must be secured against being switched back on!

Toxic hazard!

The PT contains a small amount (7 mm³) of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

If mercury is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately!

ATTENTION ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

ATTENTION Before mounting the PT, check the mounting hole carefully. The PT must only be mounted in holes that satisfy the requirements stipulated in chapter 6.1. A hole that does not satisfy these requirements can damage the PT.

ATTENTION Before mounting the PT, ensure that the mounting hole is free from plastic residue. Remove plastic residue with the DYNISCO cleaning tool kit. A test bolt is included with this cleaning set.

ATTENTION To prevent the PT from sticking permanently in the mounting hole, coat the thread section of the transmitter with high temperature resistant grease or a suitable parting agent.

- Check the mounting hole with the test bolt, and clean with cleaning set if necessary.
- Coat the thread section of the transmitter with high temperature resistant grease or a suitable parting agent.

ATTENTION Always use a spanner applied to the designated hexagon collar when screwing the PT in and out. Do not apply the tool to the housing or housing/sensor connection!
**ATTENTION** Maximum mounting torque **50 Nm**. If the mounting torque is too high, the PT may be damaged or its zero point may shift.

- screw the PT into the mounting hole and tighten.

6.4 Mounting PTs with flexible stem

Mounting a PT with a flexible stem to the pressure sensor is done analogously to the procedure in 6.3.

**ATTENTION** Avoid kinking or crushing the flexible stem.

Minimum bending radius
- **25 mm** for protected capillary
- **2 mm** for unprotected capillary  
(MDT 435 x / 467 x)

The connector must be easily accessible.

- Mount the electronics housing of the PT with the fastening clip **DYNISCO P/N 200982** (included). See mounting example in figure 09.

- Additionally secure the flexible stem between the electronics housing with a standard cable clip.

Fig. 09: Mounting example for Pressure Transmitter with flexible stem
6.5 Electrical connection

The PT may only be assembled and electrically connected by an EMC-trained specialist in accordance with applicable regulations, in a de-pressurized, de-energized state, with the machine switched off.

The machine must be safeguarded from being switched on inadvertently!

The 2-wire amplifier has been developed with due consideration for the harshest industrial conditions.

However, in spite of these qualities, a power unit designed for EMC conformance must be used for the power supply. The electrical connection must be executed in conformance with EMC requirements.

If the electrical connection is not executed as described in Chapter 6.5.1, or if cable/cable sockets / PG couplings other than those prescribed by DYNISCO are used, then DYNISCO cannot warrant compliance with EMC requirements.

6.5.1 EMC / \( \epsilon \)-conformant connection

- Ground the machine element with the mounting hole for the PT, as prescribed by regulation. The PT must be connected to the ground via the mounting hole.

- The use of shielded cable is not necessary. If shielded cable is used, then shield the connecting cable on both sides in an EMC-conformant manner.

- When introducing the connecting cable, (for instance into an EMC-conformant control cabinet), the shielding must be laid out on the conductive enclosure in an EMC-conformant manner, or it must be routed via an installed cable socket/ cable plug, which likewise is connected with the conductive enclosure.

- Connect unused cable core or free cable ends properly to Gnd on one side.

See Chapter 9, Accessories, for order numbers of the EMC-conformant cable sockets required for the PT connection.
6.6 Pin assignment

Standard model MDT 4xx x-xxx-xx:
Connector: 6-pin male,
   Bendix PT02A-10-6P
Cable socket: PT06A-10-6S(SR)

Fig. 10: 6-pin female connector

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN</th>
<th>Designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>signal (+)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>signal (-)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>do not connect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>autozero</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>calibration shunt 80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>common autozero/cal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The connector housing is connected conductively to the housing of the PT.

6.7 Wiring

Fig. 12a: Wiring proposal 2-wire mA, floating mA indication with internal resistor \( R_i < 44 \times U_s - 380 \)

Fig. 12b: Wiring proposal 2-wire mA, mA indication with internal resistor \( R_i < 44 \times U_s - 380 \)
6.8 Connection thermocouple/RTD element (optional)
MDT / TPT series

Fig. 15: Thermocouple connection

Fig. 16: RTD connection

IEC 584-1
7. Commissioning

7.1 Supply voltage

ATTENTION Before putting the PT into operation, make sure the PT is securely mounted and sealed.

ATTENTION Using a supply voltage which is different from that stated in the technical specifications or has reversed polarity can damage the PT or cause it to malfunction.

7.2 Calibration

ATTENTION It is not necessary to calibrate the PT, as the PT has already been calibrated in the factory.

PTs of series MDT 420 x/460 x have an internal calibration signal. Connecting terminals E and F switches the calibration signal to the signal output. It is 80% of the full scale pressure of the transmitter.

ATTENTION Calibrate in pressureless state and at room temperature. Other ambient temperatures will corrupt the signal. Use an adjustment screwdriver!

ATTENTION Do not change the installed position of the PT after calibration. If the position is changed you must re-calibrate the PT.
7.3 Zero adjustment

Use the button in the lid of the electronics housing for adjustment.

For MDT series PT reset 420 x/460 x zero at operating temperature!

- Remove cover screw.
- PT must be depressurized.
- Wait until a constant operating temperature is set on the pressure transducer.
- Auto zero via the button on the housing, or externally via contacts D + F. To do this, depress the button for one second. Zero-balancing will be executed after the button is released.
- Refasten the cover screw on the lid.

7.4 Operation

**ATTENTION** Before starting the machine, wait until the melt medium at the diaphragm of the PT has reached its operating/processing temperature. If the machine is started before the medium reaches its operating temperature, the PT will be damaged. If it is hard to tell when the operating temperature has been reached, use a combined TDT PT with thermocouple.

**ATTENTION** Operating temperature at the PT diaphragm max. 400 °C (750 °F). Higher temperatures will damage the PT.

**ATTENTION** Ambient temperature for the electronics housing max. +85°C. Higher temperatures can result in damage or malfunctions. Mount the PT only in locations where this temperature is not exceeded.
8. Maintenance

8.1 Maintenance

Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in **pressureless, voltage-free** condition with the **machine switched off**.

**The machine must be secured against being switched back on!**

**Burn hazard!**

The PT must be removed with the melt in molten condition. The PT can be very hot when removed.

**Wear protective gloves!**

**ATTENTION** ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

**ATTENTION** Always remove the PT before cleaning the machine with abrasives or steel wire brushes or suchlike.

**ATTENTION** Before removing the PT, the medium must be in molten condition.

**ATTENTION** Removing the transmitter with the medium in solidified condition can damage the diaphragm of the PT.

**ATTENTION** Do not clean the screw-in section of the PT with hard objects. This will damage the PT!

**ATTENTION** Always use a spanner applied to the designated hexagon collar when screwing the PT in and out. Do not apply the tool to the housing or housing/sensor connection!

- Remove the PT.
- Carefully clean the diaphragm of the transmitter with a soft cloth, while the medium is still malleable.
8.2 Thermocouple replacement TDT models

A defective thermocouple is easy to replace.

- Loosen the hexagon socket screw at the top end of the sensor stem.
- Remove the defective thermocouple from the probe stem.

**ATTENTION** When fitting the new thermocouple, the pressure transmitting capillary must be located in the slot of the thermocouple.

- Insert the new thermocouple all the way into the probe stem.
- Tighten the hexagon socket screw at the top of the sensor stem to secure the thermocouple.

Fig. 18: Thermocouple
8.3 Repair/disposal

**Toxic hazard!**

The PT contains a small amount (7 mm³) of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

If mercury is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately!

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. DYNISCO will accept defective PTs.

If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!

Please send defective PTs to your DYNISCO representative.

For addresses, see the back cover of the operating manual.
9. **Accessories**

- Machining tool kit ½"-20UNF-2A P/N 8BRD0004
- Machining tool kit M18 x 1,5 P/N 8BRD0005
- Cleaning tool kit ½"-20UNF-2A P/N 8BRD0009
- Cleaning tool kit M18 x 1,5 P/N 8BRD0006
- Pressure sensor simulator
- Pressure sensor calibrating device

**Connectors, Cable glands, Cable**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designation</th>
<th>Order No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Female connector DIN 7.pin</td>
<td>E311 0035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female connector Bendix</td>
<td>E311 0029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable gland PG 7 CE</td>
<td>E447 0037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting cable VT 460 - 6 meter</td>
<td>9VT0 0017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting cable VT 460 - 10 meter</td>
<td>9VT0 0018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting cable VT 420 - 6 meter</td>
<td>9VT0 0005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting cable VT 420 - 10 meter</td>
<td>9VT0 0007</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### 10. Troubleshooting

#### 10.1 Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No signal</td>
<td>Cable breakage or poor contact</td>
<td>Check cable and contact, or replace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Check supply voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strong zero shift when screwing in</td>
<td>Mounting hole incorrectly produced</td>
<td>Check hole with test bolt (chapter 6.2), rework with tool if necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(alignment error)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mounting torque too high</td>
<td>Adjust to max. 50 Nm mounting torque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No signal change despite pressure rise</td>
<td>Plug forming in front of diaphragm</td>
<td>Check mounting hole; remove solidified plastic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Diaphragm damaged</td>
<td>Send pressure transmitter to DYNISCO for repair</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Possible cause:
- Cable breakage or poor contact
- No supply voltage
- Mounting hole incorrectly produced (alignment error)
- Mounting torque too high
- Plug forming in front of diaphragm
- Diaphragm damaged
11. Declaration of Conformity

EC – DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

As defined by EU Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336 EEC

The electronic assembly

Type/Designation: Pressure transducer
Type: MDT 2-wire technology 4-20mA

is developed, constructed, and produced in accordance with EU Directives 89/336/EEC, 93/68/EEC, 93/44/EEC. Conformity with the directives is the sole responsibility of:

Dynisco Europe GmbH
Wannenäckerstr. 24
D-74028 Heilbronn

The following harmonized standards apply:

DIN EN 61000-6-3:2001 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Emitted Interference, Part 1: Residential

The following national standards, directives, and specifications apply:


Complete technical documentation is available. The operating manual pertaining to the device is available

In the original version: German
In the national language of the user: English

Heilbronn, April 8th 2004

Manfred Wege, Geschäftsführer
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Fax</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<tr>
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<td>The Netherlands</td>
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<td>+33 1 4881 8334</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>France</td>
<td></td>
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